

Software driving the network, in production now: per domain

Observations

enables orchestration: integration of multiple resource types enables composed services: compute + storage + network + workflows + ... automated network provisioning available as a building block

Network Function Virtualisation

as a driver for R&E networks to expand into science facilities

Data Transfer Nodes as a piece of a broader concept: 'Data Exchange'

data transfer nodes not converging in terms of standards

Data Exchange: move secured data to compute or move compute to secured data

Data Exchange concept: not directly applicable to LHC because data is not sensitive

HL-LHC is coming towards our networks, just as SKA and other large science disciplines
 seeing LHCONE as an example blueprint network for other clearly defined communities



LHCONE Point-to-Point pilot: what is out there?

- Communication between networks and data transfer node owners
- Bi-weekly meetings

- Substrates
- AutoGOLE operating
- Data Transfer Nodes (DTNs) placed in US and EU
 albeit using different software stacks, talking different protocols
- LHCONE operational network: please visit Bill Johnston's talk on Thursday,
 'LHCONE A global overlay network for the LHC and High Energy Physics What it is and Why it Works'



LHCONE Point-to-Point pilot activities 2019

Connecting DTNs for research:

CERN (CH)

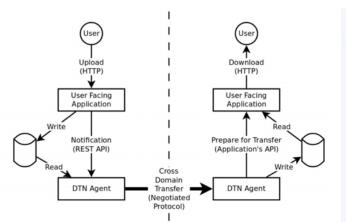
SURF / NetherLight (NL)

KLM (NL)

UvA (NL)

StarLight (USA)

PacificWave (USA)

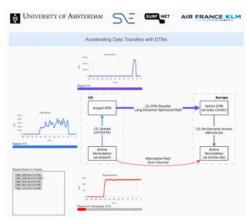


- Experiment by University of Amsterdam on FileSender and OwnCloud DTN integration [1]
- Demo at SC'18 'Building User Friendly Data Transfer Nodes' [2]
- SCinet NRE SC'19 proposal submitted by Harvey Newman
- [1] https://sc.delaat.net/sc18/index.html#2
- [2] https://sc.delaat.net/sc18/demo02/index.html



DTN Demonstration

- Workstations not optimized for long distance transfers can benefit by using an optimized path with DTNs
- Scenario shows a file transfer from a workstation in the US to a workstation in Europe
- Compares a file transfer over an optimized path with DTNs versus path over the internet
- Indirect path utilizing DTNs achieves substantially better performance then a file transfer directly between the workstations
- Just one example of how DTNs can act as an interface to a path optimized for a specific data transfer



LHCONE Point-to-Point pilot & AutoGOLE

 MEICAN has been chosen for the dynamic provisioning of circuits on a multi domain network. MEICAN software development is done by RNP.

Dynamic ANA planned for this year, expecting scaling up to other regions

Expanding AutoGOLE with connectivity to DTNs through SENSE?

More on this in the AutoGOLE Workshop on Thursday



LHCONE Point-to-Point pilot improvements

- Interoperability between DTNs, standardisation is needed (!)
- Possibly leveraging SENSE from prototype to production state: e.g. adding L3VPN, DTNs, further inter-application workflows.
- Targeting as a prototype:
- T1. single set of DTNs
- T2. larger set of DTNs, not very complicated
- T3. multidomain demo at SC, using DTN-RM (Resource Managers)
- Defining the relationship between NSI, SENSE and MEICAN:
 both technical and in time / innovation phases
- At AutoGOLE Workshop on Thursday: discuss role and relation of SENSE/NSI/AutoGOLE and future directions.



Umeå LHC meeting – 4 and 5 June, 2019

Presentation summary:

https://indico.cern.ch/event/772031/attachments/1862908/3062207/LHCOPNE-20190608-Umea-meeting-report-v1.1.pdf

Presentations given:

https://indico.cern.ch/event/772031/



Save the date

The next LHCOPN/ONE meeting will be held at CERN on the 13-14 of January 2020

 It will be in the form of a workshop, where our community can meet LHC experiments and WLCG representatives to better understand network requirements for Run3 and Run4 of the LHC.

The agenda will take shape here: https://indico.cern.ch/event/828520/



